

**Social Impact Assessment Report**  
**on**  
**Land Acquisition For The Purpose Of Setting Up**  
**an**  
**Entry Point at 18<sup>th</sup> Mile, Ri Bhoi District, Meghalaya.**



सत्यमेव जयते

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## ABOUT MEGHALAYA INSTITUTE OF GOVERNANCE

The Meghalaya Institute of Governance was created as one of the institutional support mechanisms of the Meghalaya Basin Development Authority (MBDA) with a vision to explore, share and promote good governance in Meghalaya by assisting the government, private sector, the voluntary sector and the communities in putting good governance into practice.

In exercise of powers conferred by the Sub Section (1) of Section 4 of The Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency, Rehabilitation And Resettlement Act, 2013 (No. 30 of 2013), the Government of Meghalaya had notified the Meghalaya Institute of Governance as the State Social Impact Assessment Unit for carrying out Social Impact Assessment Study.

Publication year: April, 2018

## **Declaration**

This final SIA and SIMP report is based on the information given by the land owner, residents and occupants of the land as well as Headman and Members of the Village Executive Committee of Umdoh village, 18<sup>th</sup> Mile, Ri Bhoi District. Maps and project details were provided by the Office of the Deputy Commissioner, Ri Bhoi District, Nongpoh.

This Social Impact Assessment and Social Impact Management Plan is the final SIA report after the Public Hearing.

Officer on Special Duty,  
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## **ABBREVIATIONS**

CPR	-	Common Property Resource
FGD	-	Focus Group Discussion
HH	-	Households
KII	-	Key Informant Interview
MGNREGA	-	Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Generation Act
MHA	-	Ministry of Home Affairs
NOC	-	No Objection Certificate
PAF	-	Project Affected Family
SIA	-	Social Impact Assessment
TOR	-	Terms of Reference

## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

A Social Impact Assessment study was conducted by the Meghalaya Institute of Governance with regards to acquisition of land at 18<sup>th</sup> Mile Umdoh village measuring 60697.97 sq. m or 14.999 acres. The purpose for the land acquisition is to establish an Integrated Facilitation Centre – Entry Point to facilitate the entry of vehicles and people into Meghalaya.

The village of Umdoh is a medium sized village with a total of 147 households. It has a mixed community composed of people from the Khasi, Garo, War-Jaintia communities as well as people from other communities. It falls in the Umling C&RD Block, Ri Bhoi District. It is approximately 15 kms from the District Headquarter, Nongpoh and approximately 29 kms from the Assam – Meghalaya state border. The land to be acquired may be classified as hilly arable land. This proposed project site is on the NH -40.

The land proposed to be acquired belongs to Shri Jried Khongjoh. On it are 5 residential structures which are occupied by himself and his family members which will be demolished once the land is acquired. There are seven families whose income are dependent on the area to be acquired. The land is cultivated on by his children and two other households who rent a part of the land to cultivate on. A variety of fruits, vegetables and other horticultural products including beetle nut, beetle leaf, pine apple, jack fruit, pepper, banana and other fruits are grown. Apart from this there is one chicken coop and one car wash at the foothill which will be demolished once the land is acquired.

Adjacent to the land is an Anganwadi centre as well as a village footpath constructed under the MGNREGA scheme. There is also a non-



functioning water pump on the project site and 2 water sources near the project site.

During the Key Informant Interviews conducted with the land owner and his children (PAP) it was recorded that they were willing to part with the land on the condition that they would not have to enrol themselves for an Aadhar number. However, during the Public Hearing, the children of Shri Jried Khongjoh made known that they did not want the government to acquire their land as they have no other land.

On the 20<sup>th</sup> of March 2018, a Public Hearing was held at 18th Mile Umdoh village which was chaired by Shri Aiban Swer OSD MIG. The Public Hearing was attended by more than 120 persons. During the Public Hearing a representative from the Office of the Sordar, Nongpoh Elaka who pointed out that already a Public Hearing had already been held for another site for the same purpose. He wanted to know why the location of the site for the Entry Point been shifted from the initial proposed site at 19<sup>th</sup> Mile to 18<sup>th</sup> Mile when the project site at 19<sup>th</sup> Mile had been accepted by the public. He also said that the NOC had not been given by the Office of the Sordar. Further, he requested that prior information be given to the Elaka before holding any other Public Hearing. While another participant in the Public Hearing also made known that the area to be acquired contains the water sources which needs to be protected as they provide water to the neighbouring villages also. Also, the Secretary of Umdoh village submitted to the OSD, MIG a letter with conditions for setting up the Integrated Facilitation Centre – Entry Point at 18<sup>th</sup> Mile such as the monitoring of construction workers in the proposed project. Community members who spoke during the day accepted the proposed project. The land owner too accepted the project. The occupants of the proposed project site were opposed to the land acquisition as they have no other land.

The Social Impact Management Plan prepared for this project provides for the replacement of lost residential structure through the Indira Awas Yojana Scheme to the 5 HHs who will lose their houses. It also provides for compensatory afforestation and the protection of water sources.

# **CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTION**

## **ABOUT SOCIAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT**

The Social Impact Assessment process began as part of the new land acquisition act called the Right to Fair Compensation, Transparency in Land Acquisition Resettlement and Rehabilitation Act, 2013 of the Government of India. It is a people friendly, rights-based approach to development that took into consideration impacts from the loss of land, probable impacts to the wellbeing, security, sentiments of the people, impacts to the institutions present near the project site that the implementation of the government project might bring about; not just from an environmental point of view but from the social –institutional point of view.

Prior to this, land acquisition was at the behest of the requiring department. It was based on the idea of “eminent domain” wherein land was thought to be placed at the disposal of the state and land could be used in any way it saw fit without any consideration whether the acquisition of the land would be detrimental to the people who resided on or who used the land. It ignored that land acquisition for any project may also cause certain difficulties to peoples’ livelihoods, activities, social and political structure and the environment. Thus on 31<sup>st</sup> December 2014 the President of India promulgated an ordinance with the official mandate to “meet the twin objectives of farmer welfare along with expeditiously meeting the strategic and development needs of the country.”

As per the Act the state or union government can acquire land, provided it shows the “public purpose” of the project. Public purpose includes projects related for strategic purposes such as those related to the armed forces, national security; infrastructure projects; projects for project affected families; projects which provide housing for low income groups; projects for residential purposes of the poor or landless and those displaced by natural calamities or other reasons. The underlying clause in this Act was that land acquisition could only occur if 70% of the population to be affected agrees to the land acquisition.

The new land acquisition act warrants the carrying out of a Social Impact Assessment study to ascertain whether the land acquisition would be beneficial or detrimental to the community which is a stakeholder. The Meghalaya Institute of Governance, one of the instrumental support institutions of the Meghalaya Basin Development Authority was notified as the State Nodal Social Impact Assessment Unit as per the Right to Fair Compensation, Transparency in Land Acquisition Resettlement Rehabilitation Act 2013 to conduct Social Impact Assessments.

Rigorous field level data collection exercises were conducted for this purpose. They begin with a preliminary site visit to assess the project site and help in preparing a detailed TOR for the project. The next step, with the help of the acquiring body is to meet with direct stakeholders such as village durbar members as well as the land owners, residents of the village who would be indirectly affected by the land acquisition, but directly affected by the proposed project. The final step is to hold a public meeting bringing together, the district authority, the village authority, the land owners and the village residents to air out any further grievances or thoughts on the proposed land acquisition.

The Meghalaya Institute of Governance was notified to conduct a Social Impact Assessment Study on land acquisition at 18<sup>th</sup> Mile, Ri Bhoi District for the purpose of establishing a *Facilitation Centre at the Entry Point* via Notification No.RDA.28/2017/11 dated 11<sup>th</sup> July 2017<sup>1</sup>. The objective of the

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<sup>1</sup> See Annexure 1

study is to prepare a complete inventory of structures, affected families and persons and to identify social impacts.

## **INTRODUCTION TO THE PROBLEM**

The concept of an Integrated Facilitation Centre – Entry and Exit Point came up as a concession to the demands of local pressure groups to set up the Inner Line Permit and thus check on the entry of unwanted elements into the state. The Integrated Facilitation Centre – Entry and Exit Point was proposed to be set up in all sensitive areas of the state to address the issues of influx in the state and illegal immigration into the state.

The objective of this study is to assess the likely impacts on the village and its residents from the setting up such a project in the site. The research team looked at both the positive as well as the negative impacts the Entry Point would bring.

## **OBJECTIVE OF PROJECT**

The main objective for the proposed Integrated Facilitation Centre at the Entry point is to prevent and check the influx of the illegal entry into the State. The Entry Point will act as a facilitation centre for visitors to the state.<sup>2</sup>

## **PROJECT LOCATION**

The site to be acquired for the project is in Umdoh village, 18<sup>th</sup> Mile, Byrnihat, Ri Bhoi District. It falls within the Umling C&RD Block. It is about 15 km to the district headquarter at Nongpoh and 29 km from the Assam-Meghalaya border.

## **DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT SITE**

The project area measures 60697.97 sq. m or 14.999 acres more or less. It may be classified as cultivated hilly terrain. The proposed project site is

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<sup>2</sup> (17 Entry/Exit Points to Be Set Up in 1st Phase 2016)

cultivation land and on it is grown a variety of plantation crops. The proposed project site is connected to NH-40 on the North Western slope.

## OWNERSHIP OF LAND

The area is the property of one sole individual land owner, Shri Jried Khongjoh. On it is present a number of residential structures as well as commercial structures which are owned or occupied by relatives of Shri Jried Khongjoh.

*Table 1 Statement of Buildings*

Sl. No.	Name of Owners	Type of Building	Structures Present
1.	Shri. Shaniah Paswet	RCC Building	Veranda
		Toilet	Washing Platform
		Assam Type Building (Main)	Filter
			Temporary Shed
			CC Compound
			Hut (without walling)
			Chicken coop

## NEED FOR THE PROJECT

The need for the project arose out of the need to better facilitate travellers to the state and ease their entry and exit. It will also serve as a check point for illegal migrants and undocumented persons. . The Facilitation centre will also act as an information centre for tourism and registration of migrant labourers.

## CHAPTER 2: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

The research strategy that the SIA-Unit used is a descriptive method. This method describes the specific behaviour or facts concerning the nature of the situation. It involves the gathering of data that describe the events; organisation, tabulation, depiction and description of the data collected.

*Table 2 Date of Visit*

Sl. No.		Date of Visit
1.	Reconnaissance/Preliminary Site Visit	4 <sup>th</sup> August 2017
2.	KII with Village Headman	4 <sup>th</sup> August 2017
3.	KII with Land Owner and Occupants of the land	25 <sup>th</sup> August 2017
4.	Public Hearing	20 <sup>th</sup> March 2018

### PRIMARY DATA

The research team held interviews with the Headman of Umdoh village, Shri Donhok Kshiar, the Secretary of the village of Umdoh, Shri Steward Sangma on 4<sup>th</sup> August, 2017, with the land owner Shri Jreit Khongjoh, his children and their spouses who are occupants and users of the land including Shri Shaniah Paswet who is mentioned as the owner of one structure on the land proposed to be acquired on 25<sup>th</sup> August 2017. During these interactions Key Informant Interviews (KII) were conducted with them using a checklist and an open ended questionnaire. The methods used were both structured and unstructured and designed based on the likely impact on the project area.

### ***Reconnaissance Field Survey***

A preliminary site visit was first carried out on 4<sup>th</sup> August 2017. It involves identifying the likely significant impacts of the project which needs to be investigated and also defining the approach that will be taken for their assessments to complete the initial scope of work. The Reconnaissance survey helped develop the Terms of Reference (TOR) for this SIA study.

### ***Stakeholder Consultation***

Good practice requires active consultation with relevant affected communities and other interested and affected parties. As such KIIs were held with the Village Headman and the Village Secretary and on another day, the SIA – Unit met with the land owner and the occupants and users of the land that is proposed to be acquired. The aim of these interactions is to give the respondents an opportunity to express their views on the project and its impacts so that these can be taken into account while developing mitigation impacts.

## **SECONDARY DATA**

The research team first reviewed and researched related literature to understand the requirement and needs of the project area. Based on the review of secondary data the team was able to get an insight on the background of the project and this has allowed for group identification and formulation of questionnaire design. Secondary data such as project details, type of investment, maps and details of land owners were obtained from the Office of the Deputy Commissioner, Ri Bhoi District, Nongpoh.

## **PUBLIC HEARING**

A Public Hearing on the proposed land acquisition for setting up an Entry Point at Umdoh village, 18<sup>th</sup> Mile Ri Bhoi District on the 20<sup>th</sup> March 2018 in the village itself. Due to the notification of the Meghalaya State Assembly elections the Public Hearing was delayed till the elections concluded and the model code of conduct ended<sup>3</sup>. The Public Hearing was chaired by the OSD of MIG, Shri Aiban Swer. In attendance was Smt. V. Hynniewta, MCS, BDO

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<sup>3</sup> Election Commission of India website Accessed from [http://eci.nic.in/eci\\_main1/current/ImpInsEVM\\_13022018.pdf](http://eci.nic.in/eci_main1/current/ImpInsEVM_13022018.pdf)

Umling C&RD Block, Shri Donbok Kshiar, Village Headman of Umdoh village, the land owner Shri Jreid Khongjoh and members of the Village Executive Council and the residents of Umdoh village.

## **DATA PROCESSING AND ANALYSIS**

Data collected during the field visits have been systematically arranged and qualitatively interpreted.



## CHAPTER 3: FINDINGS FROM RECONNAISSANCE

The village of Umdoh is under the Umling C&RD Block, Ri Bhoi District, Meghalaya. The village of Umdoh is composed of a mixed tribal community of Khasi, Bhoi, Garo, War-Jaintia and other communities.

*Figure 1 Residential Structure in the Project Site*



### DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE OF UMDOH VILLAGE

Umdoh is a medium sized village with a total of 147 households. It has a mixed community with people belonging to the Khasi, Garo, War-Jaintia communities as well as other communities. The following table is the

demographic profile of the village of Umdoh 18<sup>th</sup> Mile, Ri Bhoi District as obtained via the Census of India 2011.

*Table 3 Demographic Profile of Umdoh 18th Mile Village*

<b>Sl. No.</b>	<b>Heading</b>	<b>Total Population</b>
1.	Total Population	707
2.	Total Male Population	369
3.	Total Female Population	338
4.	Total ST Population	703
5.	Total Male ST Population	366
6.	Total Female ST Population	337
7.	Total Literate Population	505
8.	Total Male Literate Population	263
9.	Total Female Literate Population	242
10.	Total Illiterate Population	202
11.	Total Male Illiterate Population	106
12.	Total Female Illiterate Population	96



Figure 3 Footpath Constructed under the MGNREGA Scheme which is adjacent to the Project Site

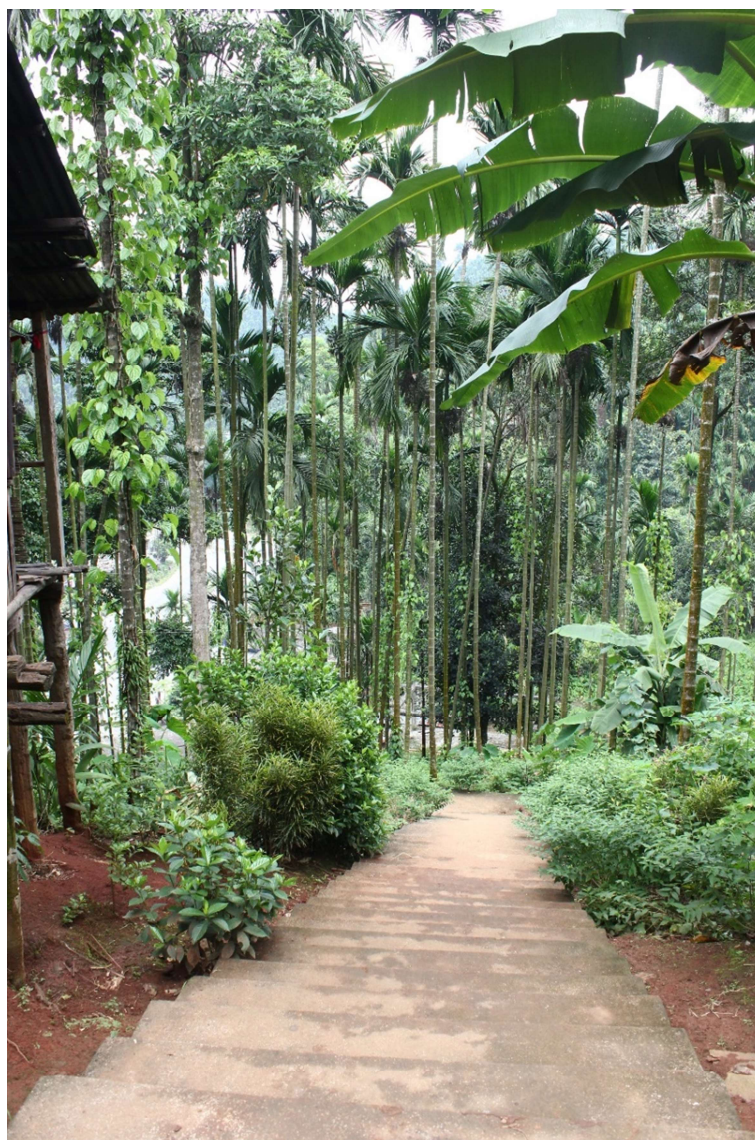


Table 4 Preliminary Land Assessment

Sl. No.	Issue	Finding/Remark
1.	Typology of land	Hilly
2.	Ownership of Site	Community and Private Property
3.	Usage of Land	Cultivation
4.	Location of Land	NH-40 on the GS Road at 18 <sup>th</sup> Mile, Umdoh Village
5.	Type of crops cultivated, if any:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Beetlenut/Arecanut</li> </ul>

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Beetle leaf</li> <li>• Jack fruit</li> <li>• Oranges</li> <li>• Papaya</li> <li>• Banana</li> <li>• Chilli</li> <li>• Pepper</li> <li>• Yam</li> <li>• Bay Leaf</li> <li>• Pineapple</li> <li>• Turmeric</li> <li>• Jackfruit</li> <li>• Litchi</li> <li>• Tamarind</li> <li>• Mango</li> <li>• Other horticultural products</li> </ul>
	Water Sources, if any	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Water source near Smt. Detar Pohtam's land</li> <li>• Spring on Shri Jreid Khongjoh's land.</li> </ul>
	Economic Activity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Agricultural activities</li> <li>• Car wash on the north-western slope of the hill.</li> </ul>

## **CHAPTER 4: STAKEHOLDER CONSULTATION**

Interviews were conducted with some stakeholders related to the project. The following were discussed:

### **INTERACTION WITH THE VILLAGE HEADMAN AND THE MEMBERS OF THE VILLAGE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE**

During a brief interaction with the village headman Shri Donbok Kshiar and Shri. S. T. Sangma a member of the village executive committee on 4<sup>th</sup> August, 2017 an assessment on possible impacts from the land acquisition was done on the social institutions present, etc.

*Figure 4 Non-functioning Water Pump on Project Site*



Table 5 Preliminary Assessment of Possible Impacts

Structures		Pucca	Semi – Pucca	Kutchha	Impacted	Type of Impact
	Residential	2	5	0	Yes	Total demolition
	Commercial	1	0	0	Yes	Car wash will be impacted
	Community Infrastructures	0	0	0	Yes	Footpath and Hand pump at the edge of the project site will be impacted
	Primary School	0	0	0	No	None
	Secondary School	0	0	0	No	None
	Higher Education	0	0	0	No	None
	Police station	0	0	0	No	None
	Anganwadi Centre	1	0	0	Negligible	The Anganwadi Centre is adjacent to the project site and may be impacted during the construction period
	Healthcare	1	0	0	Negligible	There is a clinic nearby the proposed project site.
Religious Institutions	0	0	0	No	None	

	Traditional/ Customary Institutions	0	0	0	No	None
Community Resources	Road			Yes	Yes	The village footpath constructed as part of the NaREGA will be impacted
	Source of Drinking Water			Yes	Yes	Non-working Hand pump will be impacted
	Access to timber				Yes	
	Electricity				6	There are 6 electricity poles which may be impacted once the land is acquired for this proposed project.

The acquisition of the land to the community would mean:-

- a. Loss of MNREGA village footpath
- b. Loss of community hand pump.

### **INTERACTION WITH LAND OWNER SHRI. JREID KHONGJOH**

A KII was held with the land owner Shri. Jried Khongjoh on 25<sup>th</sup> August 2017 at his residence in Umdoh. Shri Jried Khongjoh is a male of the ST (Khasi) community and aged about 77 years old. He had bought the land in



1982<sup>4</sup>. Shri Khongjoh has 8 adult children who are all occupants and users of the proposed project site. Shri Khongjoh used to be an agriculturalist.

*Figure 5 KII with Shri Jried Khongjoh and his children*



This land had been divided between his children to cultivate and reside on. There are also 7 residential structures on the area proposed to be acquired. Apart from them, he had rented out part of the land to 2 individuals to cultivate upon.

To Shri Jreid Khongjoh, the loss of this land would mean a loss of:-

- a. Agricultural land
- b. Loss of agricultural produce
- c. Loss of rent.
- d. Loss of residence.

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<sup>4</sup> See Annexure 2

Shri Jreid Khongjoh is willing to give his land if he does not have to apply for an Aadhar number.

*Figure 6 Interaction with Occupants of Land*



## INTERACTION WITH OCCUPANTS OF LAND

Key Informant Interviews with some of the occupants of the land on the 25<sup>th</sup> August 2017. The following were the people who were consulted.<sup>5</sup>

Table 6 Data Collected from KII with Occupants of Land on the 25-08-17

SI No.	Name of Occupant	Sex	Age	Main Occupation	Relation to Land Owner	Usage of Land	Structures on Land	Utilities on land	Agricultural products on land	Animal Husbandry	No. of Dependents	Income from Land	Need to Relocate	Aspirations from land acquisition	Concerns from the land acquisition
1.	Probin Ryndong	M	32	Farmer	Son	Agriculture	-	Electric Pole Dug Well Pond	Beetle nut Fruit Beetle Leaf Jackfruit	-	4	NA	Yes	The agreement of all concerned	-
2.	Joplin Ryndong	M	42	Farmer	Son	Agriculture	-	-	Pineapple Beetle nut Beetle Leaf	-	8	80,000	Yes	Fair monetary	-

<sup>5</sup> See Annexure 4

								Pepper Banana Jackfruit Papaya Litchi					compensat ion		
3.	Aitngen Khongjoh	F	40	Farmer	-	Agric ulture and Anim al Husba ndry	Chick en Coop Toilet	Electric Pole	Beetle nut Beetle Leaf Banana	40 hens	7	<2000/ pm	Yes	Employe nt after land acquisition Relocation near this area	Concerns during the relocatio n process
4.	Krisphida Khongmalai	F	25	Home maker	Daughter in law	-	Resid ence (Thatc hed)		Beetle leaf		4	60,000	Yes		Don't want to register for Aadhar number No other place tp stay

5.	Shaniah Pohswett	M	40	Agriculture	Son in law	Agriculture and Residence	RCC House	Water Tap Water Tank Electric Pole Toilet	Beetle Leaf Jackfruit Coconut Banana Beetle nut	-	4	<300,000 per year	Yes	Fair compensation Employment to the land owner Safety and aesthetic value from the construction	-
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The data shown above was collected during Key Informant Interviews held with the occupants of the land who could be present. The information was collected using structured questionnaires.

From the interaction above it was learnt that Shri Jreid Khongjoh, the land owner had given his children and their spouses' rights to cultivate over the land. Apart from this there are two individuals who rent his land to cultivate on.

The interaction with most of the respondents showed that most of the respondents would have to be relocated as their residences (either partially or totally) would have to be demolished. These respondents are mainly agriculturalists and their incomes are dependent on the land.

Another occupant of the land Shanrishisha who owns a car wash at the foot hills could not be contacted.

## CHAPTER 5: PUBLIC HEARING

Figure 7 Public Hearing on the 20th March 2018



A Public Hearing on the proposed land acquisition for setting up an Entry Point at Umdoh village, 18<sup>th</sup> Mile Ri Bhoi District on the 20<sup>th</sup> March 2018 in the village itself. As the Meghalaya State Assembly elections were declared by the Election Commission of India the holding of the Public Hearing was put on hold till after<sup>6</sup>. The Public Hearing was chaired by the OSD of MIG, Shri Aiban Swer. In attendance was Smt. V. Hynniewta, MCS, BDO Umling C&RD Block, Shri Donbok Kshiar, Village Headman of Umdoh village, the land owner Shri

<sup>6</sup> Election Commission of India [http://eci.nic.in/eci\\_main1/current/ImpInsEVM\\_13022018.pdf](http://eci.nic.in/eci_main1/current/ImpInsEVM_13022018.pdf)

Jreid Khongjoh and members of the Village Executive Council and the residents of Umdoh village.

The following are the discussion, opinions and view made by the community members:

Figure 8 Public Hearing on 20th March 2018



*Shri Stanley Roy Syngkli, Myntri Rangbah, Secretary and Sordar under Nongpoh*

*Sordarship* said that no prior information was given to the Sordar on the change in proposed project location from 19th Mile, Ri Bhoi to 18th Mile, Ri Bhoi.

He also asked that the government should share the final decision made by the government on 19th Mile so that the people are aware why 18th Mile is chosen from the proposed land acquisition for setting up Entry Point.

**Response:** The Chairman of the meeting clarified that Meghalaya Institute of Governance has been notified as a nodal agency to conduct Social Impact Assessment Study only while Land acquisition is solely based on the Revenue Branch, Ri Bhoi.



**Shri S. Mawiong** resident of 18th Mile said that the government has brought a lot of development and such development in the village is welcome by the people. He is thankful to the land owner for being so generous to give his land for development. He asked if local youth can be given employment opportunity especially for the educated one.

Figure 9 Public Hearing on 20th March 2018



**Response:** The chariman said that not only educated young people will be employment but people with capabilities and wiliness to work will be employment during the project construction and implementation phase.

Figure 10 Public Hearing on 20th March 2018



**Shri T. Syngkli** resident of 18th Mile said that there were too many Public hearing held on Entry Point but so far no working process has been witness. He also said that during the project construct the drinking water source near the project location will be

taken into grave consideration.

**Response:** The Chairman said that only after the government makes a final decision on which land will be acquired then only the work will process in the selected land.

**Shri. Frankly Syngkli** resident of 18th Mile said that the Entry and Exit Point is a good initiative taken by the government for developmental purpose but what is disappointing is many time employment opportunity are taken away from the local people. Another thing is no information was given to the Dorbar Riad and Dorbar Hima. If the all the Dorbar were inform at each level, decision can be made collectively.

Figure 11 Public Hearing on 20th March 2018



**Response:** The chairman said that the government will see that the Hima, Riad and ADC are informed about the land acquisition. However we should remember that the Hearing today is for Social Impact Assessment.

Figure 12 Public Hearing on 20th March 2018



**Assistant Secretary of 18th Mile Village Durbar**

has given a letter of agreements to the Meghalaya Institute of Governance if the proposed land acquisition is approved in 18th Mile. (Annexure 7) Some of the agreement are that the Dorbar will provide a No

Objection Certificate to the department acquiring the land in 18th Mile; Priority should be given to the local people for employment; All employee under the proposed project will be registered under the Dorbar Shnong; No outsiders are to be employee without prior knowledge from the village etc.

**Smt. Ryndong**, eldest daughter of the Landowner said that giving away ones land for development is a generous act however she requested the government that Land acquisition for the proposed Entry point at 18th Mile be shifted to 19th Mile as the family needs the land for their livelihood activity.

Figure 13 Public Hearing on 20th March 2018



**Smt. Sarah Ryndong**, wife of the landowner said that she wants to give the land for the proposed acquisition of Entry Point in 18th Mile but her children are against the acquisition.

Figure 14 Public Hearing on 20th March 2018



The Public Hearing was concluded by Shri Aiban Swer after the representations from the stakeholders, including the land owner and his family.

As well as representations from the Durbar of the Elaka of Nongpoh and from the village members themselves. The Village Durbar of 18<sup>th</sup> Mile also submitted their points on the conduct of the Entry Point at 18<sup>th</sup> Mile Village.

## **CHAPTER 5: MAJOR FINDINGS**

The following chapter discusses the main findings from the field study that the SIA-Unit collected through its own observations and through interactions with different stakeholders:

### **TYPE OF LAND**

The land proposed to be acquired is agricultural land. It is on a hilly slope.

### **LAND OWNERSHIP**

The land proposed to be acquired belongs to one individual Shri Jreid Khongjoh who bought the land in 1982<sup>7</sup>.

### **USE AND ACCESS TO LAND**

The land which is mainly agricultural land is used by the land owners' immediate family as well as by his extended family to cultivate on and to also reside on. Apart from this, Shri Jried Khongjoh's land is given on rent to two individuals to cultivate on.

On a portion of his land adjacent to the local primary school is a community footpath built through the MGNREGA scheme. On it also is a hand pump which is no longer used as it has dried up.

### **PROJECT AFFECTED FAMILIES**

There are a number of families that are likely to be impacted. Apart from Shri Jreid Khongjoh's family there are a number of other families also likely

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<sup>7</sup> See Annexure 2

to be impacted from this land acquisition such as his children who reside on the land and also cultivate on it. There are about five of these families. There are also two families who are likely to be impacted from this land acquisition as they use the land to cultivate on and their income comes from it.

Another family to be affected is the one belonging to Shanrishisha who runs a car wash on the foothill of the land to be acquired.

From the Public Hearing it was learnt that while the land owner Shri Jreid Khongjoh was willing to accept the offer for land acquisition, his family who would be directly affected by the same land acquisition were opposed to it.

### **STRUCTURES TO BE AFFECTED**

There are a number of structures to be affected. There are 7 residences both kutchha and pucca to be affected. There is also a chicken coop which will be impacted from the land acquisition. These structures will be completely demolished after the land acquisition.

### **ALTERNATE PLACE FOR THE PROJECT**

This area is well suited to the need of the project.

### **ROADS AND TRANSPORT**

The project site is located on NH-40. It is important to stress at this point the necessity and importance of this road as the lifeline of the state. This road is an arterial road for the state of Meghalaya. It forms one of Meghalaya's only connect to the other North-Eastern states through Assam and to the rest of India. This road is the main route for vehicles carrying food supplies, petroleum and all other goods to the state of Meghalaya.

The smooth flow and safety of traffic plying on this road is a strict priority during all project phases. As this road serves as the main point of entry and exit into the state, the integrity of the road condition must be a priority.

## **WATER SOURCES**

There are about two water sources near the project site. On the land of Smt. Detam Pohtam on the south east boundary of this plot of land to be acquired there is one spring. Another spring can be found on the southern part of this project site on the land of Shri. Jreid Khongjoh.

Apart from this, there is a non-working hand pump on the project site itself.

## **CHILDREN AND WOMEN**

The proposed land acquisition will affect female agriculturalists who cultivate on the land. Most of these would be the daughters of Shri. Jreid Khongjoh. This land acquisition is a cause of concern for one female respondent during the KII as she is a home maker and the daughter in law of Shri. Jreid Khongjoh, she is wary of the possibility of having to relocate after the land acquisition. Other respondents who are wary of having to relocate require that the place they are relocated to is close to the present project site.

As there is a school near to the project site which provides ICDS schemes to local children, there might be slight disturbance during the construction phase. As the land proposed to be acquired is on a higher elevation than the school, there may be some loose soil that can impact the school.

## **PLACES OF RELIGIOUS AND CULTURAL IMPORTANCE**

There are no places of religious, cultural importance near the land proposed to be acquired.

## **SAFETY, CRIME AND VIOLENCE**

The village of Umdoh has no safety concerns at present.

The respondents were only hopeful that with the coming of the Facilitation Centre - Entry Point that there would be more streetlights installed which would increase the safety of village residents.

## **FOOD SECURITY**

The proposed land acquisition would affect mostly agriculturalist and agricultural land. The main agricultural products cultivated on the project site are plantation crops like beetle nut, beetle leaf, pineapple, bay leaf and other horticultural products. The acquisition may not affect the food security of the people directly however, the loss of cultivable land and a viable income may negatively affect food security.

## **AFFECTED OR VULNERABLE GROUPS**

All of the affected households from the proposed land acquisition belong to the Scheduled Tribe (Khasi) community.

## **ECONOMIC AND LIVELIHOOD ACTIVITIES.**

The economic and livelihood activities of the community would be disrupted due to this land acquisition. Shri Jreid Khongjoh and his children would lose viable agricultural land which forms a significant part of their household income. Apart from this, Shanrishisha would lose income from the loss of the car wash.



Table 7 Comparative Analysis of Positive and Negative Impact

S. No	Issue	Positive Impact			Negative Impact			Remarks
		Pre - Construction	Construction	Operation	Pre-Construction	Construction	Operation	
1.	Use & Access to Land	-	-	-	Loss of cultivated land.	-	-	Loss of cultivated land.
2.	Project Affected Persons	Fair Compensation	Employment during construction phase	Employment to family members.	Loss of income	-	-	With the loss of land there would be a loss of income from agriculture and whatever other economic activity in the land proposed to be acquired. However, with Fair compensation and the possibility of gaining employment during the construction and operation phases are the positive impacts.
3.	Structures	-	-	Possibility for compensate land owners to	Loss of 7 residential houses, chicken	-	Inability to replace lost residential structures	In total there would be 7 residential houses, chicken coops, and one car wash that would have to be demolished. The lost structures should be compensated for

				build better residential houses	coops and a car wash		due to lack of money	taking full cognizance of relevant sections of the Act.
4.	Roads and Transport	-	-	More streetlights	-	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Damage and loss of the village footpath along the edge of the proposed project site.</li> <li>• Damage to NH40 the main lifeline of the state.</li> </ul>	-	During the construction phase NH-40 may be disturbed and there may be traffic snarls that would disturb the smooth flow of cars.

5.	<b>Water</b>	-	-	Better access to PHE water	-	Damage to community well and to the two springs near the proposed project site.	-	The disturbance to the water sources during the construction phase is a strong possibility. As such water bodies already present must be protected and harvested to ensure their full potential.
6.	<b>Grazing Land</b>	-	-	-	-	Loss of a small portion of animal husbandry activities, such as poultry rearing.	-	The land is not used as grazing land, however a user of the land rears poultry.
7.	<b>Electricity Supply</b>	-	-	-	-	Disturbance to electricity supply to Umdoh village and other	-	

						adjoining villages nearby as the electricity poles present at the edge of the proposed project site.		
8.	Health Care Facilities	-	-	-	The Anganwadi Centre adjacent to the project site would be disturbed during the construction phase of the project. Which may hinder the	-	-	

					services it provides to the expectant and nursing mothers, adolescent girls and children.			
9.	Educational Institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Women & Children	-	Employment to women	Safer environment for women and children	Loss of income and residential property to women	Pollution that may adversely affect women and children's health.	-	
11.	Vulnerable	-	-	-	Loss to Scheduled	-	-	

	<b>Communities</b>				Tribe (Khasi, Garo and Jaintia) communities			
<b>13.</b>	<b>Places of Worship</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	
<b>14.</b>	<b>Cremation/Burial Grounds</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	
<b>15.</b>	<b>Safety, Crime and Violence</b>	-	-	Safer environments to communities residing in the adjoining villages	Safety concerns during construction such as soil erosion, destruction of property boundaries.			

16.	<b>Places of Cultural Meaning</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17.	<b>Food Security</b>	-	-	-	The Anganwadi Centre adjacent to the project site would be affected during construction phase.	-	-	-
18.	<b>Common Property Resources</b>	-	-	-	Destruction/hindrance to CPRs such as the two water sources found at the boundary of the project	-	-	-

					site proposed to be acquired.			
<b>19.</b>	<b>Markets</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>20.</b>	<b>Tourism</b>	-	-	The state of Meghalay a may be able to obtain better data on the entry of tourists to the state and therefore				
<b>21.</b>	<b>Employment</b>	-	Employment opportunities during construction	Employment opportunities for	Loss of employment for people employed	-	-	There is a possibility of employment and income loss after the acquisition of the land. While on the other hand, there is a possibility that employment opportunities



			period for residents of Umdoh village and other surrounding villages.	directly affected persons, as well as other indirectly affected persons once the project is installed in the village.	with the land owners as (seasonal) agricultural workers. Loss of employment for people employed with the car wash.			may grow once the construction of the project begins. As too during the operative phase of the project, employment may arise to look after the day –to-day activities of the project.
22.	<b>Income Levels</b>	Monetary compensation to directly affected persons	Income from employment during the construction phase.	Increase in income levels for those who have got employment in the Entry	Initial loss of income due to the loss of agricultural land.			

				Point Project. Income may also go up for other economic activities that may come up such as shops and tea stalls.				
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## **CHAPTER 6: SOCIAL IMPACT MITIGATION PLAN**

The Meghalaya Institute of Governance which is the state nodal SIA unit is pleased to present herewith the Social Impact Mitigation Plan which has been prepared to mitigate negative social impacts that may arise out of the proposed land acquisition to establish an Integrated Facilitation Centre – Entry Point according to the RFCTLAAR Act, 2013. The SIMP consists of a set of mitigation, monitoring and institutional measures to be taken during the design, construction and implementation phases of the project to reduce adverse social impacts during the various stages of the project.

### **SUMMARY OF FINDINGS**

- The area proposed to be acquired is a hill
- The area proposed to be acquired is agricultural land
- The area proposed to be acquired belongs to only one land owner
- There are 7 families whose income is dependent on the area proposed to be acquired.
- There are 5 residential structures on the land proposed to be acquired that will have to be demolished once the land is acquired.
- There is 1 chicken coop on the land proposed to be acquired that will have to be demolished once the land is acquired.
- There is 1 car wash on the North – Western foothill of the land proposed to be acquired that will be disturbed during the land acquisition process.
- There is a community footpath on the edge/boundary of the land proposed to be acquired
- There is a non-functioning water pump on the land proposed to be acquired.

- There is an Anganwadi centre bordering the land proposed to be acquired.
- There are 2 water sources near the land proposed to be acquired.
- The land owner and his extended family (who are users of the land) are willing to give the land on the condition that they do not have to enrol themselves for the Aadhar card.
- The land owner requests that employment opportunities be given to his family members once the project is in operation.
- The land owner is willing to cede with his land.
- The directly affected persons from this land acquisition were opposed to the land acquisition and requested that the site for the Entry Point be shifted elsewhere.

*Table 8 Analysis of Social Impact*

Type of Impact		
	Negative	Positive
<b>Agriculture</b>	Loss of agricultural land and produce	Nil
<b>Livelihoods</b>	Loss of livelihoods for agriculturalists, the owner of the car wash.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Possibility of gaining employment in the project to be installed.</li> <li>• Possibility of gaining income through small enterprises/petty shops set up near the project site.</li> </ul>
<b>Trees</b>	Loss of plantation trees.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Planting of trees in the project site to negate the air pollution from the traffic.</li> </ul>
<b>Structure</b>	There will be a loss of 5 residential structures. There may be some disturbance to	Nil

	structures present near the project site such as the Anganwadi Centre.	
<b>Water</b>	Disturbance to the two sources of water near the land proposed to be acquired.	Better access to PHE water for the village as a whole.
<b>Electricity supply</b>	Nil	Nil
<b>Health</b>	Nil	Nil
<b>Road</b>	Disturbance to NH-44 during construction period	Nil
<b>Miscellaneous</b>	There is some concern regarding the enrolment for an Aadhar number.	

## MEASURES TO AVOID, MITIGATE AND COMPENSATE IMPACT

### RESETTLEMENT MEASURES

- i. As per Section 8 of the RTFCLARR Act 2013 the Rehabilitation Commissioner shall publish the approved Rehabilitation and Resettlement Scheme by affixing it in conspicuous places in the affected areas.
- ii. As per Section 101 of the RFCTLARR Act 2013 when any land acquired under the Act remains unutilised for a period of five years, it shall be returned to the legal owners or the legal heirs.
- iii. As there will be 5 households whose residential structures will be demolished during the construction of the project, proper resettlement plans need to be put in place.
- iv. As per Section 41 (6) as the land shall be acquired from a Scheduled Tribe family, one-third of the compensation amount due should be paid to the affected family as first instalment. This would be extremely useful

to help these families who will lose their residential structures to construct another residential structure.

- v. Replacement of lost residences by giving affected households a constructed house as per the Indira Awas Yojana<sup>8</sup> scheme or the equivalent cost of a house may be offered in lieu of the constructed house. Each affected family will not get more than one house under the provisions of this Act.

## REHABILITATION MEASURES

- i. Even though this is a tribal dominated area there is no need to put forth a Development Plan for Scheduled Tribe families as per Section 9 of the RFCTLARR Act 2013 by the Requiring Body as it does not involve *involuntary displacement* of the tribal families.
- ii. Shri Jreid Khongjoh the legal land owner of the land may be compensated as per the First Schedule of the RFCTLARR Act 2013. This may include the:
  - o Market Value of land as determined under Section 26
  - o Factor by which the market value is to be multiplied in rural areas
  - o The value of assets attached to the property.
  - o Solatium, i.e. an award for inconvenience, loss or the like.
- iii. The Second Schedule of the Act is applicable to all affected families and compensation may be paid as per it. This includes
- iv. If any affected household has been reduced to the status of a marginal farmer on landless, they shall be allotted a minimum one acre of land in the command area.
- v. When jobs are created through the project, suitable training and skill development should be given so as to ensure employment at a rate not lower than the minimum wages; or ;
- vi. One-time payment of five lakhs per affected families or Annuity policies that shall pay not less than two thousand rupees per month per family for twenty years.

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<sup>8</sup> Applicable to all who have lost residences provided that they have lived on the land for a period of more than 3 years preceding the date of notification.

- vii. Each affected families should be given monthly subsistence allowance for a period of one year. As they are ST displace from schedule area, another fifty thousand rupees is to be paid.
- viii. Each affected families shall be given a onetime financial assistance for transportation cost. They shall also be granted a one-time resettlement allowance.
- ix. The family who has a chicken coop on the project site shall get a onetime financial assistance for the coop.

#### SOCIAL MEASURES

- i. The affected families should be resettled preferably in the same Scheduled Area in a compact block so that they may retain their ethnic, linguistic and cultural identity (Section 41 (7) of RFCTLARR Act, 2013).
- ii. Adherence to the conditions put forward by the Village's Executive Committee with regards to:
  - o Employment to residents of the village during the construction and operation phase of the project.
  - o Prior information to the Village Executive Committee before new staff are deputed to the Entry Point.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL MEASURES

- i. Under the Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980 Chapter 3 Section 3.1(i) compensatory afforestation must be made for the loss of all trees in the area.
- ii. Trees to be planted to reduce the pollution caused during construction and implementation of the project.
- iii. Protection of the water sources at the project site so as to protect it from pollution during the construction period and thereby enable its use during the operation phase of the project.

#### MISCELLANEOUS

- i. Any disputes between the stakeholders regarding land ownership should be resolved first and made sure compensation is given to the legal owner.

- ii. Adequate measures should be placed to address unforeseen negative impacts. Institutional measures like proper Grievance Redress Mechanism (GRM) cell may be installed and a notified Grievance Redress Officer (GRO)
- iii. It is highly recommended that the desire of the community be taken into consideration and their written representation be followed.

***Rehabilitation and Resettlement Committee***

Although Section 45(1) of the RFCTLARR Act 2013 puts provision for the establishment of a Resettlement and Rehabilitation Committee only when the area of land to be acquired is more than one hundred acres, it may be suitable to constitute a similar body to see and review and monitor the progress of rehabilitation and resettlement once in a month till the process of rehabilitation and resettlement is completed. This Committee is also set up for the purposed of carrying the post-implementation social audits and grievance redress.



## ADDENDUM

The Meghalaya Institute of Governance received two representations from the Office of the Sirdar, Nongpoh Elaka as well as the community members of the 19<sup>th</sup> Mile Village after the Public Hearing on the 20<sup>th</sup> March, 2018.

The Office of the Sirdar, Nongpoh Elaka<sup>9</sup> stated that the Elaka had not given a NOC to the proposed acquisition of the land in 18<sup>th</sup> Mile while it had given its NOC to the land acquisition in 19<sup>th</sup> Mile Pahammawlein village. It further stated on the village of 18<sup>th</sup> Mile being a valuable catchment area to the neighbouring villages. It was also opposed to the project as the Headman of 18<sup>th</sup> Mile, Umdoh village had never received a *sanad* from the Sordar. Thus, the Office of the Sordar opposed the project as it was not in accordance to the customs and ways of functioning of the Elaka.

The second letter received<sup>10</sup> stressed the peoples' opposition to the proposed land acquisition in the 18<sup>th</sup> Mile, Umdoh village by the people of 18<sup>th</sup>, 19<sup>th</sup> and 20<sup>th</sup> Mile as they had already agreed upon setting up of the Integrated Facilitation Centre – Entry Point in 19<sup>th</sup> Mile. It further stated that 18<sup>th</sup> Mile is the only catchment area with many natural streams and springs which feed the River Umtru. Therefore the disturbance of such a fragile eco system may become extremely detrimental in the long run.

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<sup>9</sup> See Annexure 8

<sup>10</sup> See Annexure 9

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Annexure 1. Notification under Section 4 (2) to Conduct SIA study

**NOTIFICATION**  
**Under Section 4 (2) of RFCT Act, 2013.**

**Under Section 4 (2) of Right to Fair Compensation & Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013.**

**NO.RDA.28/2017/11**

**Dated Shillong, the 11<sup>th</sup> July, 2017**

WHEREAS, acquisition of land area measuring 60697.97 Sq.m or 14.999 Acres at 18<sup>th</sup> Mile, Byrnihat for the purpose of setting up of Facilitation Centre at the Entry Point at 18<sup>th</sup> Mile, (proposed project) to be constructed/developed by Government of Meghalaya is/are proposed.

WHEREAS, a social Impact Assessment team of the Meghalaya Institute of Governance (MIG) has been formed to consult, to survey and to take public hearing after publication of this Notification.

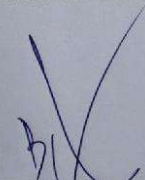
WHEREAS, the aforesaid team will fix and indicate the dates and venue for which all concerned will be requested to remain present with their claims/objections/suggestions, if any.

WHEREAS, the concerned land owner Shri. Joplin Ryngdong and Shri. Shandrishisha Ryngdong himself or his representative the Headman of 18<sup>th</sup> Mile, Byrnihat and the villagers may remain present for hearing for consent/approval for the project.

WHEREAS, the process must be completed and SIA report must be submitted along with the plan (SIMP) within the time specified as per RFCT-LARR Act, 2013.

WHEREAS, any attempt at coercion or threat against the process during the specified period will render the exercise null & void.

Now, therefore, if there is any requirement for information, anyone may contact the SIA Unit.

  
(Shri. B. Hajong, MCS)

Joint Secretary to the Govt. of Meghalaya  
Revenue & Disaster Management Department

Annexure 2. Land Deed of Shri Jreid Khongjoh

**DORBAR SHNONG UMDOH 18<sup>TH</sup> MILE, RAID  
NONGKYLLA, ELAKA NONGPOH SIRDARSHIP, P.O.  
BYRNIHAT, RI-BHOI DISTRICT, MEGHALAYA- 793101.**

REF. NO. 110/28/12-15/88 DATE: 26<sup>th</sup>/Sept/2013

**KA JING PYNSHISHA**

Mynta ka songi dt 26<sup>th</sup> Sept 2013, Nga u Rangbah shnong Umdoh 18<sup>th</sup> mile Raid Nongkylla, Nongpoh Sirdarship Elaka, P.O. Byrnihat. Ribhoi District, Meghalaya. Nga pynshisha hangne ba, I Bah Jreit Khongjoh I dei I nong shong shnong ba pura jong kane ka shnong bad i don ruh ka jaka (kper) rep lajong ha kane ka shnong, kaba I la thied na U Stanley DD Nichols Roy naduh ka 21<sup>st</sup> August 1982.

Ki pud sawdong ki long kumne harum:-

Milugi- Markhap bad ka kper ka kong Phini Mawiong 213 Mt, tam ne duna  
Sepngi- Markhap bad ka surok GS Road 305 Mt, tam ne duna  
Shatei- Markhap bad ka kper ka Ditar Pohtam 402 Mt, tam ne duna  
Shathie- Markhap bad ka kper I bah Jreit Khongjoh 415 Mt, tam ne duna.  
Total Area 105801.5 sq metres, tam ne duna.

Katei ka jaka katkum kum kitei ki pud sawdong ba la kdew haneng, ka la long ka hok nongkynti jong I bah Jreit Khongjoh bad I lah ban ai pateng ha ki khun ki kti, kiba ha iing ha sem lane katba I sngewbit.  
Ia kane la pynshisha da kaba leit ban sorjamin shwa ia katei ka jaka haka jingiadonlang ki sakhi satar.

Trai jaka  
*Jreit Khong Jash*  
Shri. Jreit Khongjoh

Sakhi:-  
1. *Sri. Phaniat pohswek - Jy*  
2. *Sri. Kiang postam - Phitan*  
3. *Sri. Lyan Rangang - J. Jash*

*Jy*  
G. Secretary  
UMDOH 18<sup>TH</sup> MILE  
NONGPOH SIRDARSHIP


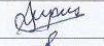

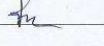
Extra Assistant Commissioner (Rev)  
Ribhoi District, Nongpoh.  
*Jy*

*Phian*  
26/9/13

Annexure 3. Attendance Sheet During Preliminary Site Visit

Attendance Sheet

Date: 04/04/2017.

Sl.no	Name	Gender	Occupation	Phone No	Signature
1	Donhak Kkhor (H/M)	M.	Farmer	9774222692	
2	Stewart T. Sangma	M.	farmer	8787374391	
3	Shanick Polswet	M	farmer	985923462	
4	Shi. A. phawq.	M	REVENUE DEPT. KILKHAI DC OFFICE	9863234432	

Annexure 4. Attendance Sheet during KII with Land Owner and Land Occupants

Attendance Sheet  
Social Impact Assessment for Land Acquisition for setting up of Entry point  
at 18<sup>th</sup> Mile, Ri-Bhoi District.

Date: 25 Aug 2017.

Sl.no	Name	Gender	Village	Phone No	Signature
1.	PROBIN RYNDONG	M	UMDONG 18 <sup>th</sup> Mile	—	P. Ryndong
2.	STEWART SANGMA (SECRETARY)	M	— do —	8787324391	Stewart
3.	Kristhina Khongmalai	F	— do —	—	K. K. Khongmalai
4.	LARISHA RYNDONG	F	— do —	9629965875	Larisha
5.	AILNGEN KHONGJOH	F	— do —	—	A. Khongjoh
6.	ROBOR RYNDONG	M	— do —	9974390938	Robor
7.	Shaucah Pandacet	M	Umdong (Shaucah)	988923462	Shaucah
8.	SREN KHONGJOH	M	— do —	—	S. Khongjoh
9.	RIBASUK RYNDONG	F	— do —	—	R. Ryndong
10.	PHYRNAI RYNDONG	F	— do —	—	P. Ryndong
11.	Dankot Kakhon (Headman)	M	— do —	9774222692	Dankot

Annexure 5. Notification to Conduct Public Hearing



Meghalaya Institute of Governance  
Lumpynggad Cottage, Bishop Cotton Road  
Shillong- 793001, Meghalaya

Phone No.: 0364-2505977  
No: MIG 217/2017-18/823

Email: migshillong@gmail.com  
Dated: 7<sup>th</sup> March, 2018

**Public Notice**

The Meghalaya Institute of Governance has been notified as the State Social Impact Assessment (SIA) Unit to conduct Social Impact Assessment Study for acquisition of land measuring an area of 60697.97 Sq.mt at Umdoh Village, 18<sup>th</sup> Mile, Ri Bhoi District for the purpose of setting up of Entry point.

In connection with this, a Public Hearing will be held at Umdoh Village, Ri Bhoi District at 11:00 a.m. on the 20<sup>th</sup> March 2018.

All interested persons are invited to attend the said Public Hearing to express their claims/ objections/ suggestion, if any, on the proposal.

Dr. BDR Tiwari, IAS  
Executive Director,  
Meghalaya Institute of Governance,  
Shillong.

No: MIG 217/2017-18/823

Dated: 7<sup>th</sup> March 2018

Copy to:-

1. The Deputy Commissioner, Ri Bhoi District.
2. The Superintendent of Police, Ri Bhoi District, Nongpoh
3. The Rangbah Shnong, Umdoh, Ri Bhoi District.
4. The C.E.M. Khasi Hills Autonomous District Council, Shillong.
5. The Under Secretary, Govt. Of Meghalaya, Revenue and Disaster Management Department, Shillong
6. The Under Secretary, Govt. Of Meghalaya, Tourism Dept., Shillong.

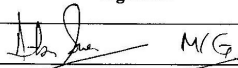








Executive Director,  
Meghalaya Institute of Governance,

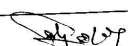

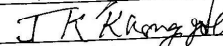


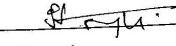
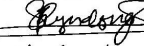

Annexure 6. Attendance Sheet During Public Hearing

Attendance Sheet

Social Impact Assessment (Public Hearing) for Land Acquisition for setting up Facilitation Centre- Entry Point  
at Umdoh Village, 18 Mile, Ri Bhoi District.

Date: 20/ March/ 2018

Sl.no	Name	Gender	Phone No	Signature
01.	ABS Suer	M	7642809181	 M/G
02	Lambot Sating	M	8415856398	
03	Petric Tangsang	M	7630084532	
04	Langpi Lama	M	9862642694	W. Lama
05	Namfiker Tangsang	M	7085486484	
06	Bines. Pakchen	M.		
07	PANSTIUEL M.FAK	M	8252063115	
08	DUKMONPONLENG	M	8415856628	D. Pohleng
09	Riang Khatan	M	9612972476	
10	Kshwin Sumet.	M	8730992296	
11	Bamphang Syim	M	9774748752	

Sl.no	Name	Gender	Phone No	Signature
12	Bilgyngoh. (Police)	M		
13	JOPK RYNDONG	M		
14	Jrend Khongoh	M		
15.	Shi Roiber Ryndong	M	9774390738	
16	Shi F.H. Nam Saw	M	8794541244	
17	Shi Spwinly Ray Ryt	M		
18	Ribasut Ryndong	F		R. Ryndong.
19	Sara Ryndong	F		Sara Ryndong
20	Shemba Ryndong	F		
21	Kapsikon Ryndong	F		K. Ryndong.
22	Forward Sumet.	F	7085884959	F. Sumet.
23	Mudphy Tangsang	F	8414083115	M. Tangsang
24	Lakisha Ryndong	F	7629965875	
25	Kikida. Marak	F		K. Marak
26	Sumet Ronghony	M	9774362126	Sumet



Sl.no	Name	Gender	Phone No	Signature
27	Khuang Lazi Syangkli	M	9862866533	
28	SI. J. R. Marak (SS Nongdon)	M	9774485565	
29	Jepan A. Nongdon Ingal Nongdon	M	8414848701	
30	M. Kirshan Nongdon	M	9612117859	
31	welai Suting	M	97730935384	
32	Noland Suling	M	819011858	
33	Shanki Khayong	M		
34	Jos Pami Polung	M	9612864400	
35	Bigu Nongdon	M	---	B. Nongdon
36	Paadar bon Suling	M	---	P. Suling
37	Spain Suling	M	---	Suling
38	Fosa Polung	F	---	Fosa
39	Kirshan Tongbur	M	9612830739	
40	Prince Marak	M	9774842798	
41	Bahrang Original Nongdon	M	---	

Paham Mawlein 20 Mar

Sl.no	Name	Gender	Phone No	Signature
42	Fee Syangkli	Female	9862615813	
43	Abdelulla Ali	M		Abdel
44	Apolin Lyngdoh	M		A. Lyngdoh
45	Phidalin Lyngdoh	F		
46	Estes Suting	F		Suting
47	Atoholi Suting	F		A. Suting
48	Kou Tina Nongdon	F		Kou Tina Nongdon
49	Mi jor Nongdon	M		M. Nongdon
50	Doramon Syangkli	F		D. Syangkli
51	Koulin Syangkli	F		K. Syangkli
52	Sardinter Lyngdoh	M		S. Lyngdoh
53	Dabshha Marwein	F		D. Marwein
54	Liana Rami	M		L. Rami
55	Sidi lin Lyngdoh	F		S. Lyngdoh
56	Mit Syng Kli	M		Mit Syng Kli

Sl.no	Name	Gender	Phone No	Signature
57	Dot Shadap			D. Shadap
58	morin jynnthem			m. J
59	Jane Nongseum			J. N
60	Putli Syngkli			P. Syngkli
61	paia Shadap			P. Shadap
62	Decomas Lyngdoh			D. L
63	Dhum Shadap			D. S
64	Jin Syngkli			J. S
65	eldarius Lyngdoh			e Lyngdoh
67	Timpel Suting			T. S.
68	Bub Shadap			B. S
69	Bina Suting			B. S
70	Lulia - <del>Shadap</del> Nongseum			L. Nongseum
71	Morial. Pyngrope			M. Pyngrope
72	Pyndhai. Lyngdoh			P. Lyndoh

Sl.no	Name	Gender	Phone No	Signature
57	Nohrud Khorshie			
58	Olir "			
59	B. Starlin "			
60	Bendalion			
61	Chilee. Serking			
62	Kam K. Shik			
63	Adalin Wahlang			A. Wahlang
64	nam zets namira			N. Namira
65	Balmika. Mawlang			B. Mawlang
66	ebinda Mawlang			E. Mawlang
67	wendakun Mawlang			W. Mawlang
68	Rizalin Shadap			R. Shadap
69	Thilda Shadap			T. Shadap
70	Debora Syngkli			D. Syngkli
71	Rodica Syngkli			R. Syngkli

Sl.no	Name	Gender	Phone No	Signature
73	Ejing Lyngdoh			E. L
74	Ridaris Lyngdoh			R. L
75	Ronal Sylliang			R. S
76	Phida Lyngdoh			P. L
77	Joylinda Sylliang			J. S
78	Mina - S			M. S
79	A. Lyngdoh			A. L
80	Thitina Jama			M. J
81	Madamary Jama			A. L
82	Albin Lyngdoh			R. T
83	Rokey Tamgong			R. T
84	Midona Mawa			M. W
85	Wamphrang Mangkhi			K. K
86	Kyin Kshiar			S. K
87	Slum Kshiar			

Sl.no	Name	Gender	Phone No	Signature
88	Mitol Mawa			M. W
89	Bilos Lyngdoh			B. L
90	Lambat Khongfah			L. K
91	Risha Khongkhalad			R. K
92	Theitit wormalai			T. W
93	Rilang wormalai			R. W
94	Benjamin Sylliang			B. S
95	Mohleng Khongfah			M. K
96	Latina Khongfah			L. K
97	Ichburohlang Khongfah			L. D
98	Lamary Lyngdoh			L. K
99	Jyndon Kshiar			J. K
100	Sil Jyntsem			S. S
101	Tylibat wahleng			T. W
102	Sibia Jama			S. J

Sl.no	Name	Gender	Phone No	Signature
103	Nicholas Tynther			N. Tynther
104	Shibani Snylliang			
105	Kurbaah			
104	ming Tynther			M. Tynther
105	Slan Roy			P. Pynrope
106	Sho - Snykli			H. "
107	Phuldalin Pynrope			B. "
108	Hamonda Pynrope			
109	Battisha "			
1010	Pimynsiem Suting			T. Suting
111	<del>Liam</del> Bahunlang Suting			B. Suting
112	BRCi Suting			B. Suting
113	Golo Rin KShiar			G. KShiar
114	Rikmen KShiar			R. KShiar
115	= 017			

Sl.no	Name	Gender	Phone No	Signature
	Earikupar Baino			E. Baino
	Bema Baino			B. Baino
	Pretty Baino			P. Baino
	Reyald Baino			R. Baino
	Robertson Snykli			
	Goofale Snykli			
	Dan Snykli			
	Barnabus Snykli			
	Sisli Snykli			
	Shuibar Snykli			
	Killan Snykli			
		18 M	ILE	
	Idaniah Katswet	M	-	
	Smt V. A. Snykste	F	-	
	Smt K. Wanniang	F	-	

**VILLAGE DORBAR UMDOH 18 MILES**  
(Raid Nongkylla, Nongpoh Sirdarship : Ri Bhoi District)  
Meghalaya

Ref No. VDU18M/NOC/2018/1.

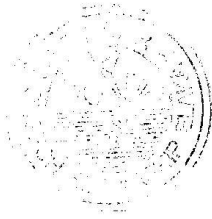
Date, \_\_\_\_\_

**KI KYNDON BAD KI JINGIAKUT**

Ka Dorbar Shnong 18<sup>th</sup> Mile, Raid Nongkylla, Nongpoh Sirdarship, Ri Bhoi District, Ka la buh ia kine ki ki kyndon bad ki jingiakut lane ki rai jong ka Dorbar Shnong kaba la long ha ka 20-March-2018 kumne harum: -

1. La rai ban ai ia ka No Objection Certificate ia Lorkan (Department) na ka bynta ba un buh ia ka Entry Point hapoh ka jaka I Kong/Bah Jried Khoang's kaba don ha Umdoh - 18<sup>th</sup> mile.
2. Ia ka kam kaba ki trai Shnong ki lah ban trei ha ka por ba shna ia kane ka Entry and exit Point dei ban ioh da ki trai Shnong kat kum ka jinglah jong ki.
3. 50% ka bhah ai kam kan long ia ki briew ba la pynbeit da ka Dorbar Shnong hapoh jong kane ka Entry Point.
4. Ki nongtrei baroh hapoh jong kane ka Entry Point ki dei ban ioh ka jingithuh na ka Dorbar Shnong bad ia ka kyrteng jong ki baroh yn buh ha ka Register jong ka Shnong khnang ban khanglad ia ki kam sniew.
5. Baroh ki kam Shnong kam thaw u trai jong ka Entry Point un hap ban iashim bynta lang.
6. Yn ym shah ban wanrah briew thymmai khlem ka jingpyntip sha ka Dorbar Shnong.
7. Baroh ki nongtrei jong ka Entry Point ki hap pyndap ia ka Form ba la pynkreh da ka Dorbar Shnong.
8. Lada shem ne lap ba ki nongtrei ki leh bakla, Ka Dorbar Shnong kan shim bishar bad ka rai jong ka Dorbar Shnong ka dei kaba kut.
9. Lada don kino kino ki uxor hapoh ka Entry Point, Ka Dorbar Shnong kan shim bynta lang ban pynbeit.
10. Ha kaba iadei bad ka Royalty Income, ka Dorbar Shnong ka buh. 20,000/- (Arphew Hajar shi bnai), kum ka donation na ka bynta ka Shnong.

11. U Trai jong kane ka jaka u dei ban pynthikna ban kan don ka jingkhuid jingsuba  
 (sanitation) bad ban don ka jingsngain ia ka leit ka wan ki kynthei ki khynnad hapoh ka  
 Shnong. *Bad yn dei ban shon jingkhuidmar hapoh kane ka Entry point  
 ne hapoh ka Shnong ka shon.*
12. U Trai kane ka Entry Point u hap ban bud ryntih ia ki adong Shnong bad kiwei kiwei ki  
 kyndon kiban sa pynbeit da ka Shnong.
13. Na ka jaka ba ka Sorkar ka la shim lada don ka jaka lait na ka bynta ban buh dukan ne  
 pyndonkam kano kano ka kam ki paidbah nongshong Shnong ne kino kino ki riew shi  
 met ki hap ban buh application sha ka Dorbar Shnong. *katha ka horkar kam pat  
 pyndokan.*



# OFFICE JONG U SIRDAR

NONGPOH SIRDARSHIP ELAKA

Ri Bhoi District, Nongpoh

Ref. No. NSE/ EC/ RBD/01/ 2018

Dated: Nongpoh, the 19<sup>th</sup>, March, 2018

Ha,

U Director,  
Meghalaya Institute of Governance,  
Shillong, Meghalaya.

Phang: Ka jingujor ha kaba iadei bad ka Entry Point ha ka Shnong Umdoh 18 Mer, Nongpoh Sirdarship Elaka.

Rangbah Badonburom,

Ka Executive Committee jong ka Hima Khad Ar Lyngdoh, Nongpoh Sirdarship Elaka ka Buh ka jingujor pyrshah ia ka jingbuh ia ka Entry Point ha ka Shnong Umdoh 18 Mer, Nongpoh Sirdarship Elaka katkum ki jingpynshai harum:

1. Ba katei ka jaka ka khlem pat ioh kano kano ka NOC na ka Dorbar Hima, Nongpoh Sirdarship Elaka.
2. Ka dei ruh ka jaka kaba ki nongshong shnong ki pyndonkam ia ka kum ban tong um bam um dih bad kiwei kiwei (Catchmen Area).
3. Ba U Rangbah Shnong jong katei ka shnong u khlem pat ioh ia ka Sanad (Appointment) kaba long ka iktiar jong ki Rangbah shnong lane ka jingpynithuh ba U dei U Rangbah shnong.
4. Na ka liang ka Dorbar Shnong Pahammawlein, ka Dorbar Raid Nongkylla bad ka Dorbar Hima, Nongpoh Sirdarship Elaka ki la dep ai ia ka NOC ia ka jaka ka ba don ha 19 Mer ban buh ia ka Entry Point.
5. Bad kumjuh ruh la lah ban pynlong ia ka Public Hearing na ka liang ka Office jong phi ban ioh ia ka jingmynjur na U paidbah.

Kumta, ngi pyrshah jur ha kaba iadei bad kane ka kam lada kam long katkum ka riti dustur jong ka Hima Khad Ar Lyngdoh, Nongpoh Sirdarship Elaka.

Ngeit ba phin shim khia ia kane ka kam ban poi sha ka jingsngewthuh jingmut jong baroh ki liang.

Khublei Shibun.

  
(Ba S R Syngkii)  
Secretary

Nongpoh Sirdarship Elaka

S. R. Syngkii  
Secretary  
Nongpoh Sirdarship Elaka  
Ri Bhoi District

Annexure 9. Letter from 20<sup>th</sup> Mile, Ri Bhoi District Opposing the Setting Up of Integrated Facilitation Centre – Entry Point at 18<sup>th</sup> Mile

for up 23/3/18

4

To,  
The Director  
The Meghalaya Institute of Governance  
Shillong, Meghalaya.

Date: 20.03.2018

Subject:- Opposition to setting up of Entry Point in Umdoh Village, 18<sup>th</sup> Mile, Ri Bhoi District.

Sir,

With reference to the subject mentioned above we the residents of 18<sup>th</sup>, 19<sup>th</sup> and 20<sup>th</sup> Mile, Ri Bhoi District, strongly object to the proposal of setting up of Entry Point (Facilitation Centre) in Umdoh Village 18<sup>th</sup> Mile, since we have collectively approved the setting up of such a centre in 19<sup>th</sup> Mile, Ri Bhoi District, already.

It maybe stated that the people of the above areas have already given their unanimous collective consent, in the Social Impact Assessment (Public Hearing) conducted by your Department in 19<sup>th</sup> Mile, so we fail to understand the need for another site, for setting up the Entry Point.

Further, we wish to draw your attention to the fact that the terrain in 17<sup>th</sup>, 18<sup>th</sup> and 19<sup>th</sup> Mile are entirely hilly and rocky in nature. The only vital water catchment area for the entire stretch lies in Umdoh Village 18<sup>th</sup> Mile, the very site which is currently being proposed for the Entry Point.

It may be pointed out that there are natural springs and a stream, in the proposed site, which in turn supports a thriving ecosystem with thick vegetation, and both flora and fauna flourish in this site. The soil in the proposed site is fertile and part of it is also used for agriculture and plantation.

The mentioned stream which passes through the site feeds the Umtru river and it is imperative that all efforts are made to conserve it, for present and future generations.

In view of the above and in the interest of conserving a significant catchment area, protecting our dwindling precious water resources and for the sake of maintaining the ecological balance of the areas surrounding the proposed site, we the undersigned the inhabitants of 18<sup>th</sup>, 19<sup>th</sup> and 20<sup>th</sup> Mile firmly oppose the setting up of the Entry Point in 18<sup>th</sup> Mile, Umdoh Village.

Thanking you

Yours Faithfully

Copy to:-

1. Deputy Commissioner, Ri Bhoi District
2. Sirdar, Nongpoh Elaka Sirdarship.
3. Local MLAs Nongpoh constituency Nongpoh Sirdarship Elaka Pannahmawlein 20<sup>th</sup> Mile

The Undersigned:

Prince A. Sylliang  
Genl. Secretary  
D.S.P. 20<sup>th</sup> Mile

Shri. J. Sylliang  
Headman

Note: Names and signatures of the people who objected is attached herewith.




20/3/18

Sl. No.	Name	Vill.	Signa
1	Ribalin Syiem	20 Mer.	P. Syiem Alangrum
2	Gina Nongrum	"	"
3	Lusia Nongriej	"	L. Nongriej
4	Bilais Nongrum	"	"
5	Sarika Sylliang	"	S. Sylliang
6	Nisom Nongrum	"	Nom
7	Michael Mil Mokri	"	Mh
8	Bilosi Lyngdah	"	B. Lyngdah
9	Bina Suting	"	B. Suting
10	Bub Shadap	"	B. Shadap
11	Ming Lyngdah	Narany	M. hudi
12	Dipa Dkhar	20 Mer.	D. Dkhar
13	Shaining Star <sup>Dolei</sup> <del>Songkli</del>	"	S. Dolei
14	Jin Star Songkli	"	<del>J</del>
15	T. Lyting	"	<del>T</del>
16	Rilang war malai	"	<del>R</del>
17	Mina Sex	"	<del>M</del>
18	Det Shadap	"	D. S

<u>SLNo.</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>VILL</u>	<u>Signa</u>
19	Mosim Jyanthem - 2omer.		M. Jyanthem
20	Theisit wormalojin	"	<del>Baino</del>
<del>21</del>	<del>Benjamin Sylliang</del>	- "	- <del>Baino</del>
22	Paw	"	P. S. Parich
23	Ronal	"	<del>Baino</del>
24	Starlytom - Lyngdah	- "	S. Lyngdah
25	Sil Syiem	- "	S. Syiem
26	Bima Baino	19mer.	B. Baino
27	Larikupar Baino	"	L. Baino
28	Thilda Shadaf	- "	T. Shadaf
29	Dhum Shadaf	- "	D. Shadaf
30	Jun Nongreen	= "	J. Nongreen
31	Silvia Jama	= "	S. Jama
32	Tylli bor Wahlang	= "	T. Wahlang
33	Adelin Wahlang	= "	A. Wahlang
34	Pynthoi Lyngdah	= "	P. Lyngdah
35	Mosikar Pynrope	= "	M. Pynrope
36	Liana Romee	= "	L. Romee
37	Ridalis Lyngdah	= "	R. Lyngdah
38	Hamonda Pynrope	= "	H. Pynrope

<u>SNO.</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>VILL</u>	<u>Signa</u>
39	Bati sha	Pynrope = 2omer = B. Pynrope	
40	El daris	Lyngdeh = " E. Lyngdeh	
41	Bermoolet	Nomyrum = " "	
42	Brokal	Syngkli = " B. Syngkli	
43	Darisha	Nomyrum = " "	
44	Darisha	Marwei = " D. Marwei	
45	J. Thabah	= " J. Thabah	
46	S Thabah	= " S. Thabah	
47	Apolin	Lyngdeh = " A. Lyngdeh	
48	Phidalin	Lyngdeh = " P. Lyngdeh	
49	Risalin	Shadaf = " R. Shadaf	
50	Phundalin	Pynrope = " P. Pynrope	
51	Mit	Syngkli = " mit syngkli	
52	Domi	Lyngdeh B & = " D. Lyngdeh	
53	Putli	Syngkli = " D. Syngkli	
54	Debora	Syngkli = " P. Syngkli	
55	Rodia	Syngkli = " D. Syngkli	
56	Payer	Shadaf = " h. Syngkli	
57	Anthomi	Mawa = " P. Shadaf	
58	Bomker	Tamsoq = " "	
59	Dannion	Sylliang = " D. Sylliang	

<u>SLNo</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>VILL.</u>	<u>Signa</u>
60	P. Sangkli	Zomeri	
61	Rilang Kshei	"	
62	Latima K. job	"	
63	Mordin Sylliang	"	
64	Kjin Kshiar	"	K. Kshiar
65	Kremen Kshiar	"	K. Kshiar
66	Slun Kshiar	"	S.K.
67	Nishan Mujar	"	
68	Ensi Nongtoi	"	E. Nongtoi
69	Bashidha Syiem	"	
70	Elamolm Syiem	"	
71	Boro	"	Boro
72	Majaz Niamlay	"	M. Niamlay
73	Lein Nongtoi	"	L. Nongtoi
74	Phil Syiem	"	P. Syiem
75	Dimom Sutieng	"	
76	Thomas Sylliang	"	T. Sylliang
77	Aidima Sangkli	"	A. Sangkli
78	Sipara Sangkli	"	S. Sangkli
79	Koim Sangkli	"	K. Sangkli
80	Doramom Sangkli	"	D. Sangkli

SLNo	Name	VILL	Signa
81	D. Samlas Lyydeh = 20 mer.	D. Lyydeh	
82	Saimon Lyydeh =		
83	Mala Das M	"	
84	Bei Mala	"	G. DIVE
85	San joy Shpday =	"	S. Shpday
86	Balin Sha Mawlong =	"	B. Mawlong
87	Olivia Shapong =	"	O Shapong
88	Sbir mawlong =	"	S Mawlong
89	Amita Sylliang =	"	KS
90	Mitalin "	"	
91	Me pday =	"	MS
92X	Dilina Sutig =	"	D. Suting
93	Rusila Soykli =	"	RS
94	Aipndaply Soykli =	"	AT
95	Sun Sylliang =	"	S. Sylliang
96	Puchi Sylliang	"	B. Sylliang
97	Bairimeh "	"	B. Sylliang
98	P. Sylliang	"	P. Sylliang
99	Lung Kshiaz	"	L. Kshiaz
100	momlong K jeh	"	

<u>SLNO</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>VILL</u>	<u>Sign</u>
101	Lamboblog Kijah	Zones	L Kijah
102	Kristina Nangum	= "	K. Nangum
103	Shidalin Mukhin	" S..M	
104	Dien Syiem	" DS	
105	Suni Syllig	" SS	
106	Aitimesy "	" A	
107	Dhir K. Shei	" D.K	
108	Bom dohik K. Shei	" B.K	
109	Estelin K. Shei	" E.K	
110	Korbor K. Shei	" K.K	Mosses
111	Taimon Sutig	" T.S	
112	Her Sutig	" H.S	
113	Iong Shadep	" I.S	
114	Walin Mawa	" W.M	
115	Chidrak Sangkli	" C.S	
116	Jordan Kshiar	" J.K	
117	Miky Kydeli	" M.K	
118	Iohburam Kijah	" I.K	
119	Wanphray Nongtri	" W.N	
120	Mom Sangkli	" M.S	
121	Ngahalo Hakip	" N.H	
122	Giita Syllig	" G.Syllig	

- 123 Kotig Stone Syiem = 20 Mer.
- 124 Thomtin Hokif = " ~~SS~~
- 125 Alexander = " ~~A~~
- 126 Pynrei Syllioj = " ~~PS~~
- 127 Ridahum Lyngdoh = " ~~R~~
- 128 Aidahum " = " ~~A~~
- 129 Elbis Syiem = " ~~E~~ *Pynrei*
- ~~128~~ 130 Bhabok K. Shandi = " ~~BK~~
- 131 K. K. Syntiew = 19 Mer. K. K. Syntiew
- 132 A. Lyngdoh = 20 Mer. A. Lyngdoh
- 133 Shibanu Syllioj = S. Syllioj
- 144 Kurbah = " Kurbah
- 145 ~~X~~ Koinu Syykti = " K. S
- 146 ~~X~~ Mima Lyngdoh = " M. N.
- 147 Bahlieli = " Bahlieli
- 148 Phida Lyngdoh = " Phida Lyngdoh.
- 149 Stering Malayogy = " Stering M.
- 150 Theirima Jania = " T. Jana
- 151 misol mawa = " M. Mawa
- 152 ~~X~~ Klatilcha Binom = " K. B

- 153 Jolinda Sylling = J Sylling
- 154 Flemmy Suting = F.S.
- 155 Albion Lynglah = A. Lynglah
- 156 ~~Nicolaas~~ Janthen = ~~N~~
- 157 Wit Suting = W Suting
- 158 midoma Mawa = M. Mawa
- 159 Rocky Tansoy = R.T
- 160 Lombok Tansoy = L.T Lombok  
Tansoy
- 167 Korder Sylling = K.S
- 168 Sipomakri = Naray =
- 169 Muh Suting = Zomer,
- 170 Bleli Sylling - B
- 171 Basueter Paal. B.P
- 178 Perrioma Sylling ~~B~~
- 179 Jest Shanglang — ~~B~~
- 180 Gga Sylling - GS
- 181 Khon Li Men (Manieh) Hawlati . f. manih
- 182 Ar Umsong - X Umsong
- 183 ~~Ai~~ Fidi
- 184 Bomdulim R. Shei = B.S



- 185 Estar Lin K. Shei = " E.K
- 186 Prasib K. Shei = " NS
- 187 Pakt. Lyngdeh = " PL
- 188 Berjimity Syngkli = " B. SYNGKLI
- 189 Keimerichingdeh = " L.D
- 190 Tres Syllang = " T.S
- 191 Sil Jomthem = " - Syngdeh
- 192 Slam Lyngdeh = " - Syngdeh
- 193 Duk Nam saw " DNAMSAW
- 194 Amus Songkli " AS
- 195 Kophle Lyngdeh " K. Lyngdeh
- 196 Barmabas Songkli " B. Songkli
- 197 Pearlina Kohiar Zomer-
- 198 Sha Songkli " -
- 199 To Lapong Nazong
- 200 Rbat Songkli " -
- 201 Dan Jomthem " -
- 202 Bithal Nam saw " BX
- 203 Nirmal Das Zomer-
- 204 Kit bok Pyngsope " K. Pyngsope
- 205 Wawoi Tompong " W. Tompong
- 206 Shashir " S. Tompong
- 207 Nindrik Momni " Momni

Gophle Lyngdeh

Momni

208 Medamery Jama = " ~~MS~~  
 209 Aisi Suting = " ~~MS~~  
 210 ~~Atyary Syllay~~ = "  
 211 Rilang K. Syntiew = " RK  
 212 Beautiful Mukhin " BM  
 213 Jorly Sykli " JS  
 214 Shorbor Janthen " SJ  
 215 Pailiam K. Shei " PK  
 216 Johan Namsaw Naray.  
 217 Lait Lyndeh = " L. L.  
 218 ~~N. Mairyl~~ " N. M.  
 219 Tilang Janthen = T. J. T.  
 220 Phude K. Jah = P. K.  
 221 Kom Kohian = K. K.  
 222 Tei Suting = T. S.  
 223 ~~Plarin Kohian~~ = L. K.  
 224 Kengan Syllang = K. S.  
 225 Bidian Kalung = B. X.  
 226 Ju Lyndeh = J. L.  
 227 ~~Delino Suting~~ = D. S.

Always

- 228 Phrao Tamsony = F. M.
- 229 Atoli Sutomy = A. S.
- 230 Beng Sanykhi = Beng
- 231 Shaimy Lydelah = S. Lyndah
- 232 Sample Noydu = " ~~...~~
- 233 Anthomi Syllay = " A. Syllay
- 234 Kong Nah Tamsony = " K. N.
- 235 Riskhemlong KS. = R. S.
- 236 Wanri Skhem KS. = W. S.
- 237 Sarat Deka = S. K.
- 238 Karpalay Janthem = K. J.
- 239 Jarli Sanykhi = J. S.
- 240 Bambar Syllay = B. S.
- 241 Jome Syllay = J. S.
- 242 Wanlochun Mawlong = W. M.
- 243 Arber Thachy = A. Thachy
- 244 Daridha K. Goh = D. K.
- 245 Mathus Sanykhi = M. Sanykhi
- 246 Pudam Ranpei = P. R.
- 247 Liang Delai = L. D.
- 248 Mawming Rani = M. R.

Bahnay

Anthony Syllay

- 249 Lam Syllaiy =
- 250 Balarikanti Lygdoh = B. Lygdoh
- 251 Hok Badi Sha Sutiya = H. Sutiya
- 252 Phail Sutiya = P. Sutiya
- 253 Rit Sutiya = R. Sutiya
- 254 Kay uit Sutiya = K. Sutiya
- 255 Ki Shom Sygki = K. Sygki
- 256 Aigij hum Tomoy = A. T
- 257 Thomu " = T. Tomoy
- 258 Silim Poyrope = S. Poyrope
- 259 Aidi Sha - K. Khlad = A. Khlad
- 260 Balawan Lygdoh = B. Lygdoh
- 261 Bointei Rami = B. Rami
- 262 Pool. Wahlay = P. Wahlay
- 263 Pynshei Sutiya = P. Sutiya
- 264 Phantax Lygdoh = P. Lygdoh
- 265 Fulomom Lygdoh = ~~P. Lygdoh~~
- 266 Fledrin Sutiya = F. Sutiya
- 267 Kiaman " = K. Sutiya
- 268 Womdow Shodep. Sijis
- 269 Wombha bor Ki Sygki = W. K.S

P. Sutiya  
Phayef

276 Bism Mawa = B. M. - Bism

271 Thom Dalei = T. D

272 Dom Syllay = D. S

273 Somi Suting = S. S

274 Meshaty-Syngeli = M

275 Romi. K. Lukhi = R. K

276 Pynskhem Namdaw = P. N

277 Padooi Namdaw = P. N

278 Raju Namdaw = R. N

279 Khlit Thabak = K. T

280 Pymnambha Rami = P. R

281 Wolombak Dalei = W. D

282 Khrawbor Syllay = K. S

283 Klu Suting = K. S

284 Komot Lyngleh = K

285 Rome Moorhomiy = R

286 Shestor Lyngleh = S

287 Ken sai = K

288 Rio Lyngleh = R

289 Nel Syngeli = N

290 Fransis Mamity = F

Lehar

- 291 Debit Syllioy = DS
- 292 Loban Syiem = L.S
- 293 laut Syiem = L Syii
- 294 \*Ujina " = Jno
- 295 Wansuk Ts. = WT.
- 296 Histamom = Hui
- 297 Bahwah Nangrum = N.Nangrum
- 298 Rakan Lygoleh = R. Lygoleh
- 299 Symyoth Lygoleh = P. L.
- 300 Symatel Nangrum = P.N
- 301 Rabel Marung = R. M.
- 302 Bejuy Das. - B.D
- 303 Abhyit Singh - B.S
- 304 Kanai Das - K.D
- 305 Koli Das - K.D
- 306 Mohil Jung - M.J
- 307 Koshik Das. - K.D
- 308 Sisi Syllioy = S-S
- 309 Sumi Syllioy = S.S
- 310 Ejiy Lygoleh = E.L

- 311 Distance Kshar = D Ksh
- 312 Shriming Star Tamson = STam
- 313 Tomatham Songkhi = T-Syngki
- 314 Bejay Das - B-D
- 315 Abay Jal - AB
- 316 Manu Jal - M-P
- 317 Seerjit - S.
- 318 Mohit - M.
- 319 Badahun Pongrup - B.P
- 320 Ais Tamsony. - H +
- 321 Ambous Nongtoi - A N
- 322 Anup Bal. - A B
- 323 Rajeb Das - RD
- 324 Lashan Singh. - LS
- 325 Bikash - BK
- 326 Abhejit - AB
- 327 Rajeeb Jaelon. - RJ
- 328 Rakesh Bal. - RB
- 329 Hari Das. - HD

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- 330 Ester Sutry - Ester
- 331 ~~Atabati Sutry~~ - Ester Bam
- 332 Eli - Z. Thabah
- 333 ~~Klet~~ Klet-Thabah - K. Thabah
- 334 ~~B.K.~~ B.Kshier - B.K.
- 335 Yi Kg Sylliang V.S.
- 336 S.P. Bombah - S.P.
- 337X Theinah Thabah - ~~Thabah~~
- 338, Iong Lingsloh - IL
- 339. Rilang xshier - R.K.

*[Handwritten Signature]*

Shri. J. Sylliang  
Headman  
Pahammawlein 20<sup>th</sup> Mile

*[Handwritten Signature]*  
Prince A. Sylliang  
Genl Secretary  
D.S.P. 20<sup>th</sup> Mile  
Nongpoh Sirdarship Elake

001  
501  
FB